

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DELL'AQUILA DICEAA - Dipartimento di Ingegneria Civile, Edile-Architettura ed Ambientale



Seminar announcement

## May the 8<sup>th</sup>, Tuesday, 11.00 – 12.00, Roio, Aula B+1.4

## NANOTECHNOLOGY AND SUSTAINABILITY IN CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION

by

## Prof. Surendra P. Shah

Faculty of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Northwestern University – USA

Super tall buildings such as one kilometer high Kingdom Tower are constructed with concrete as a structural material. Such tall buildings are made with so called high performance concrete, which can have strength 5 times that of conventional concrete. The development of high strength concrete is a result of our understanding of particle packing, rheology and microstructure engineering. Concrete is a critical material for infrastructure; the world wide consumption of concrete is about 2 tons for every living human being. However, its continuing use will require improving its sustainability. Nanotechnology is playing an increasing role in making concrete more sustainable. One approach to making concrete more sustainable is to replace portland cement (and its significant carbon foot print) with fly ash, a waste material from burning coal. When fly ash is replaced with portland cement, the rate of strength development slows down which is not desirable . Addition of nano particle such as nano silica accelerates the chemical reaction by providing nucleation sites. In addition, characterization of nano structure of calcium silicate hydrate by nano indentation, AFM, FTIR and NMR shows beneficial nano scale modification. Manipulation of concrete rheology has been a key to make concrete more constructible. The viscosity should be sufficiently small so that concrete can be pumped a great distance, but the material should be thixotropic to reduce the pressure on form work. Addition of a small amount of nano clay has been shown to accelerate the rate of thixotropy. Rheology of aging colloidal suspension is being studied by computation modeling as well as by measuring the dimensions of flocculated particles by using laser spectrometer. Concrete is a brittle material, prone to cracking. Concrete structures are reinforced by see bars at a millimeter scale. However, flaws in cement paste are in nano scale. To reinforce concrete at nano scale addition of carbon nano tube is studied. The key challenges include dispersion and rheology. Recent studies have demonstrated that adding a very small amount (0.05%) of well dispersed CNT has a profound effect on performance: mechanical properties, piezo-resistivity, transport properties as well as corrosion reinforcing steel. Such multi functionality is probably related to altered nano structure of concrete.

## Surendra P. Shah : Walter P. Murphy Professor of Civil Engineering (emeritus), Center for Advanced Cement Based Materials, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois 60208, USA

He has been Director of the Center for Advanced Cement-Based Materials; Coordinator, Graduate Program Structural Engineering, Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, Northwestern University; Director of the Center for Concrete and Geo-materials, Northwestern University; Director of the Graduate Program, Department of Materials Engineering, University of Illinois, Chicago.

He is consultant for several industrial companies in U.S. and abroad: Lafarge, France; U. S. G., Des Plaines, Illinois; Wiss, Janney, and Elstner, Northbrook, Illinois;Holderbank Management, Ltd., Switzerland; Corning Glass Works, Corning, New York; Portland Cement Association, Skokie, Illinois; Design Engineer, Modjeski and Masters, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

HONORS AND OTHER PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES: Member, National Academy of Engineering; Foreign Member, Chinese Academy of Engineering; Fellow, Indian Academy of Engineering; Distinguished Professor, IIT, Madras; Honorary Professor, Tongji University Member, Institute of Advanced Studies, HKUST; NAE Liaison Committee; NAS Panel to evaluate NIST Building and Fire Research; Honorary Member, American Concrete Institute; Honorary Member, The International Union of Laboratories and Experts in Construction Materials, Systems and Structures (RILEM); Member, Institute of Advanced Studies, Hong Kong University of science and technology; Distinguished Lecture Series, University of California, Los Angeles, University of Ulinois, Chicago, Vanderbilt University, Iowa State University; Honorary Professor Nanjing Technical University Tongji University and Dalian, Maritime University; Fulbright Award, Indian Institute of Technology, Mumbai; and IIT Madras; Distinguished Professor, Indian Institute of Technology, Madras;

